## SHELBY COUNTY, IOWA

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

JUNE 30, 2015

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## Officials

Name	Title	Term Expires
	(Before January, 2015)	
Roger Schmitz Steve Kenkel Charles Parkhurst	Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors	January, 2015 January, 2017 January, 2017
Marsha Carter	County Auditor	January, 2017
Carolyn Blum	County Treasurer	January, 2015
Linda Fahn	County Recorder	January, 2015
Mark Hervey	County Sheriff	January, 2017
Marcus Gross	County Attorney	January, 2015
Tony Buman	County Assessor	January, 2016
	(After January, 2015)	
Roger Schmitz Steve Kenkel Charles Parkhurst	Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors Board of Supervisors	January, 2019 January, 2017 January, 2017
Marsha Carter	County Auditor	January, 2017
Carolyn Blum	County Treasurer	January, 2019
Geralyn Greer	County Recorder	January, 2019
Mark Hervey	County Sheriff	January, 2017
Marcus Gross	County Attorney	January, 2019
Tony Buman	County Assessor	January, 2022

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MARK D. KYHNN DAVID L. HANNASCH KENNETH P. TEGELS CHRISTOPHER J. NELSON DAVID A. GINTHER

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Officials of Shelby County

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Iowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Basis for Qualified Opinions**

The financial statements do not include an estimate of an Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability for an implicit health insurance premium rate subsidy resulting from the legal requirement to allow employees retiring after age 55 to remain on the County's healthcare plan until age 65. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that any material liability resulting from this OPEB requirement be included in the financial statements (Note 10).

#### **Qualified Opinions**

In our opinion, except for the effect of not including an estimated OPEB liability for the implicit health insurance premium rate subsidy, as discussed in the previous section, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in its financial position, and its cash flows where applicable for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, Shelby County adopted new accounting guidance related to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27.* Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of County Contributions on pages 3 through 3f and on pages 37 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## To the Officials of Shelby County

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Shelby County, Iowa's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the five years ended June 30, 2014 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified and qualified opinions on those financial statements. Other auditors previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the four years ended June 30, 2009 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 5 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2015 on our consideration of Shelby County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Shelby County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Atlantic, Iowa December 29, 2015

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Shelby County provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow.

#### 2015 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Revenues of the County's governmental activities decreased 7.2%, or approximately \$933,000, from Fiscal 2014 to Fiscal 2015. Property and other County Taxes and Local Option Sales Tax increased approximately \$26,000. Operating Grants and Contributions decreased approximately \$429,000, and Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by approximately \$840,000.
- Program expenses of the County's governmental activities were 3.5%, or approximately \$419,000, less in Fiscal 2015 than in Fiscal 2014. Physical Health and Social Services decreased \$147,000, Mental Health decreased \$491,000, Roads and Transportation increased \$585,000, and Administration decreased \$453,000. All other service areas recorded small changes: County Environment and Education \$(3,000); and Government Services to Residents \$(27,000).
- The County's net position decreased 8.3%, or approximately \$2,009,000, from June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2015. See 3b for explanation of July 1, 2014 decrease.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the County's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Shelby County as a whole and present an overall view of the County's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Shelby County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Shelby County acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of County government (Agency Funds).

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the County's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental and the individual Agency Funds.

#### REPORTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information which helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as "net position". Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods.

The County's governmental activities are presented in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Governmental activities include public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, and interest on long-term debt. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The County has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds account for most of the County's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds, such as Mental Health, Rural Services and Secondary Roads, 3) the Debt Service Fund and 4) the Capital Projects Fund. These funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a statement of net position and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trust or agency capacity for others which cannot be used to support the County's own programs. These fiduciary funds include Agency Funds that account for E911 surcharge, emergency management services, empowerment and the County Assessor, to name a few.

The required financial statement for fiduciary funds is a statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. Shelby County's combined net position decreased from \$24.32 million to \$22.31 million. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in the net position of governmental activities.

Net Position of Gov (Expressed ir		
	June	30,
	2014 Not Restated	2015
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 10,868 21,020 31,888	\$ 11,300 20,960 32,260
Deferred Outflows of Resources		387
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	590 1,041 1,631	2,502 606 3,108
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,941	7,232
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	21,020 1,989 1,307	20,960 2,721 ( 1,374)
Total Net Position	\$ 24,316	\$ 22,307

Net position of Shelby County's governmental activities decreased approximately \$2,009,000, or 8.3% during the year. The largest portion of the County's net position is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment), less the related debt. The debt related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with sources other than capital assets, since they are unavailable for future spending. Restricted net position represent resources subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements, decreased from approximately \$1,307,100 at June 30, 2014 to approximately (\$1,374,000) at the end of this year.

This decrease of approximately \$2,681,000 in unrestricted net position was a result of the required change in the method of accounting for the County's pension costs during the 2014-15 year. The County's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, decreased by approximately \$60,000 from the prior year. Additions to the County's capital assets totaled approximately \$1,485,000. Depreciation expense totaled approximately \$1,431,000 for FY 2015.

Changes in Net Position of Government	al Activitie	s		
(Expressed in Thousands)		Year Ende	d Jur	ne 30,
	2014			2015
Revenues Program Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	509	\$	928
Operating Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest Capital Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest General Revenues:	Φ	4,346 1,353	Φ	3,917 513
Property and Other County Tax Tax Increment Financing Penalty and Interest on Property Tax State Tax Credits		6,226 153 34 331		6,252 31 30 359
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		90		79
Total Revenues		13,042		12,109
Program Expenses Public Safety and Legal Services Physical Health and Social Services Mental Health County Environment and Education Roads and Transportation Governmental Services to Residents Administration		2,129 619 1,475 422 5,113 451 1,655		2,246 472 984 419 5,698 424 1,202
Total Expenses		11,864		11,445
Change in Net Position		1,178		664
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated		23,138		21,643
Net Position, End of Year	\$	24,316	\$	22,307

Revenues of the County's governmental activities decreased 7.2%, or approximately \$933,000, from Fiscal 2014 to Fiscal 2015. Property and other County Taxes increased approximately \$26,000. Operating Grants and Contributions increased approximately \$429,000, and Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by \$840,000.

Fiscal 2015 saw an increase in total taxable valuation of \$32,328,865, which is a 4.42% increase, with the total tax asking increasing by \$1,418, or .02%.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$11.4 million, a decrease of \$0.4 million when compared to last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 6, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was \$6.09 million because some of the cost was paid by those directly benefited from the programs (\$927,900) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$4,430,200). Overall, the County's governmental program revenues, including intergovernmental aid and fees for services, decreased from approximately \$6,207,800 in 2014 to \$5,358,050 in 2015, principally due to the decrease in Capital Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest. The County paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with approximately \$6,751,300 in property and local option taxes (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

#### INDIVIDUAL MAJOR FUND ANALYSIS

As Shelby County completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4.11 million, an increase of approximately \$507,700 from last year's total of \$3.60 million. The following are the major reasons for the changes in fund balances of the major funds from the prior year:

- The General Fund, the operating fund for Shelby County, ended Fiscal Year 2015 with a fund balance totaling \$1,183,955. This was a decrease from Fiscal Year 2014 of \$245,010.
- The Mental Health Fund balance at year end decreased by \$123,141 from the prior year. The Mental Health fund ended Fiscal Year 2015 with a balance of \$189,482.
- The Rural Services Fund ended Fiscal Year 2015 with a fund balance of \$180,295. This was a decrease from Fiscal Year 2014 of \$22,165.
- The Secondary Roads Fund ended Fiscal Year 2015 with a fund balance of \$1,394,694, up \$265,355 when compared to the ending balance for Fiscal Year 2014. The County continues to work for Federal and State grants and shared funding projects, such as FEMA, EWP, etc., to help offset the maintenance costs to local taxpayers.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget following a required public notice and hearing for all funds except Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The County budget is prepared on a cash basis. Shelby County amended its budget May 26, 2015 by \$1,170,711. The majority of the budget increases were in the Public Safety and Legal Services (\$488,000); Roads and Transportation (\$150,000), Mental Health (\$400,000), County Environment and Education (\$33,000), and Capital Projects (\$123,211) functions.

The County's total receipts of \$11,741,598 were \$648,097 more than budgeted. The County's total disbursements of \$11,537,452 were \$1,095,593 less than budgeted.

The County exceeded the budgeted amount in the administration and road and transportation functions.

## **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2015, Shelby County had approximately \$21.0 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including public safety equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads and bridges. This is an approximate \$1.0 million decrease (including additions and deletions) from last year.

(Expresse	ed in Thousands)		
		une 30	
	2014		2015
Land	\$ 33	1 \$	331
Construction in Progress	56	8	581
Buildings and Improvements	2,36	6	2,279
Equipment and Vehicles	2,92	2	3,078
Infrastructure	14,83	3	14,691
Total	\$ 21,02	0 \$	20,960

The County had depreciation expense of \$1,431,342 in Fiscal 2015 and total accumulated depreciation of \$11,859,813 at June 30, 2015. The County's Fiscal Year 2015 capital budget included \$805,000 for capital projects, principally for bridge construction. More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2015, Shelby County had \$ - 0 - in general obligation notes outstanding, the same as June 30, 2014.

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt counties can issue to 5 percent of the 1-1-2013 assessed value of all taxable property in the County. Shelby County's constitutional debt limit is approximately \$38.5 million.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

Shelby County's elected and appointed officials and citizens considered many factors when setting the Fiscal Year 2016 budget, tax rates and the fees charged for various County activities. One of those factors is the economy. In December of 2015, the County's unemployment was at 2.9% versus 3.0% a year ago. This compared with the State's unemployment rate of 3.5% and the national rate of 5.3%.

The union contracts will expire June 30, 2016. The County will begin negotiating with all three unions in the fall of 2015.

All the different variables were taken into account when adopting the Fiscal Year 2016 Budget. General Fund property taxes were decreased this year by \$75,814 (-2%), but Rural Fund property taxes were increased by \$300,000 (+3.7%). \$215,000 of this increase will pay the County's portion of Secondary Road FICA & IPERS to free up more money to use for road maintenance. The County's tax asking over the last 10 years has averaged +2.9%. Not including property tax revenue, budgeted revenues for the General and Rural Services Funds remained approximately the same. Expected revenues from Local Option Sales Tax, Licenses & Permits, Charges for Services and Use of Money and Property were estimated at the same level. As the County continues to try to hold the line on spending, budgeted expenditures in the General and Rural Services Funds stayed level, including increases in wages and benefits. The County is still deficit spending out of the General Fund. Over the next few years the County will work towards stabilizing that reserve to enable the County to cover any unforeseen expenditures. The final Fiscal Year 2016 Budget was adopted with a total tax rate increase of \$0.33 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation and a total tax asking increase of \$224,186.

The Board of Supervisors sets aside money each year for maintenance of the Courthouse and the other County Office buildings. As carpet in the various offices is due to be replaced, tile is being installed where feasible because it is a long term solution. The Board continues to contract almost every year for tuckpointing and stone replacement on the Courthouse. Over the last couple of years, the Courthouse has had some major sewer problems. Over the next 2-5 years, the County will be budgeting money to replace all the cast iron pipes under and outside the Courthouse. Current estimates are \$50-75,000 to complete this project. For additional security, a key card access system was implemented for the Courthouse employees at a cost of \$11,659. This system is similar to one implemented in the 911/Law Enforcement building a couple of years ago. A camera monitoring system is scheduled to be installed in the Courthouse during FY2016.

The County continues to work on our declining bridge system, using whatever State and Federal funding is available. In 2015, two major bridges were replaced – a 100' bridge on Linden Road and a 165' bridge on 1400th St at a total cost of approximately \$1,000,000.

## CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of Shelby County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Marsha J. Carter, Shelby County Auditor, 612 Court St., Harlan, Iowa 51537-0650.

## Statement of Net Position

## June 30, 2015

		overnmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	\$	4,025,826
Delinquent Succeeding year Interest and penalty on property tax		1,559 6,273,000 2,863
Accounts Accrued interest		12,586 899
Due from other governments Prepaid insurance Inventories		143,223 43,517 796,352
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Total assets		20,960,036 32,259,861
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related deferred outflows		386,561
Liabilities		
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Long-term liabilities:		449,492 93,846 33,495 29,048
Portion due or payable within one year: Compensated absences Portion due or payable after one year: Net pension liability		634,660 1,867,194
Total liabilities	-	3,107,735
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable property tax revenue Pension related deferred inflows Total deferred inflows of resources	)=	6,273,000 958,644 7,231,644

(continued next page)

## Statement of Net Position - continued

## June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 20,960,036
Rural services purposes  Mental health purposes	167,529
Secondary roads purposes	165,807 1,228,618
Capital projects Other purposes	571,215 588,036
Unrestricted	( 1,374,198)
Total net position	\$ 22,307,043

## Statement of Activities

## Year ended June 30, 2015

			rogram evenues
	<del>,</del>	Expenses	arges for Service
Functions/Programs:			
Governmental activities:  Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services Mental health County environment and education Roads and transportation Governmental services to residents Administrative services	\$	2,245,515 471,972 984,088 418,829 5,698,075 424,134 1,202,378	\$ 60,654 21,578  550,905  294,729
Total	\$	11,444,991	\$ 927,866

## General Revenues:

Property and other county tax levied for:
General purposes
Penalty and interest on property tax
Local option sales tax
Tax increment financing
State tax credits
Unrestricted investment earnings

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position beginning of year, as restated (Note 14)

Net position end of year

See notes to financial statements.

Co	Program I Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest		Contributions Contributions and Restricted				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
\$	113,547 258,603 82,556 115,673 3,197,979 43,935 105,004 3,917,297	\$	512,887	\$( ( ( (	2,071,314) 191,791) 901,532) 247,749 1,987,209) 85,470) 1,097,374) 6,086,941) 5,702,005 30,156 549,969 30,793 358,863 79,490 6,751,276 664,335				
				\$	22,307,043				

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue					nue
	General		Rural Services			Secondary Roads
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	\$	1,306,254	\$	142,734	\$	1,111,600
Delinquent		238		162		
Succeeding year		3,788,000		1,960,000		
Interest and penalty on property tax Accounts		2,863 11,651				
Accrued interest		899				
Due from other funds		26,668				2,878
Due from other governments		33,201		37,561		20,928
Inventories Prepaid insurance		43,517				796,352
repaid insurance	_	45,317		<del></del>		
Total assets	\$	5,213,291	\$	2,140,457	\$	1,931,758
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	31,824	\$		\$	317,711
Salaries and benefits payable  Due to other funds		30,899				49,902
Due to other governments		62,986 10,385				1,374
Compensated absences		102,141				168,077
Total liabilities		238,235	-			537,064
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues:						
Succeeding year property tax		3,788,000		1,960,000		
Other Total deferred inflows of		3,101	?===	162	-	
resources		3,791,101		1,960,162		

(continued next page)

<u> </u>	Special Revenue Mental Health		apital ojects	N	onmajor Funds		Total
\$	216,984	\$	651,955	\$	596,299	\$	4,025,826
\$	169 387,000    16,847   621,000	<u>\$</u>	       651,955	<u>\$</u>	990 138,000  935  311 34,686  771,221	\$	1,559 6,273,000 2,863 12,586 899 29,857 143,223 796,352 43,517  11,329,682
\$	739 2,452  16,847 24,311 44,349	\$	80,740    80,740	\$	18,478 10,593 366 442 15,306 45,185	\$	449,492 93,846 63,352 29,048 309,835 945,573
-	387,000 169 387,169			79	138,000 990 138,990	<u> </u>	6,273,000 4,422 6,277,422
-	507,107	-			150,770		0,411,744

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - continued

## June 30, 2015

			Special Revenue			
			Rural			Secondary
		General		Services	Roads	
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	\$		\$		\$	796,352
Prepaid insurance		43,517				
Restricted for:		ŕ				
Rural services purposes				180,295		
Secondary roads purposes						598,342
Mental health purposes						
Capital projects purposes						
Other purposes						
Unassigned		1,140,438				
Total fund balances	-	1,183,955		180,295		1,394,694
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and						
fund balances	\$	5,213,291	\$	2,140,457	\$	1,931,758

]	Special Revenue Mental Health		Capital Projects		Ionmajor Funds	-	Total
\$		\$		\$		\$	796,352
Ť	44 Au	Ť		4		Ψ	43,517
							180,295
							598,342
	189,482						189,482
			571,215				571,215
					587,046		587,046
							1,140,438
_	189,482	-	571,215		587,046		4,106,687
\$	621,000	\$	651,955	\$	771,221	\$	11,329,682

(2,192,019)

\$ 22,307,043

## **Shelby County**

## Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

Total governmental fund balances (page 8)		\$	4,106,687
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$32,819,849 and the accumulated depreciation is			
\$11,859,813.			20,960,036
Certain assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.			4,422
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund, as follows:			
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 386,561 958,644)	(	572,083)
Deterred filliows of resources	930,044)	(	312,003)
Long-term liabilities, including net pension liability and			

compensated absences payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the

Net position of governmental activities (page 5)

governmental funds.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

## Year ended June 30, 2015

	_	General	_	Special Rural Services		nue Secondary Roads
Revenues:						
Property and other County tax	\$	3,546,373	\$	1,617,176	\$	
Local option sales tax		183,323		183,323		183,323
Interest and penalty on property tax		20 462				
Intergovernmental		28,463 479,858		183,907		3,145,850
Licenses and permits		3,106		105,507		4,090
Charges for service		303,376				
Use of money and property		79,490				
Miscellaneous	_	106,196	_			161,227
Total revenues	-	4,730,185	_	1,984,406	)	3,494,490
Expenditures: Operating:						
Public safety and legal services		2,260,133				_
Physical health and social services		243,868				
Mental health						
County environment and education		30,273		140,960		
Roads and transportation						4,957,777
Governmental services to residents		409,789		242		
Administration Capital projects		1,257,817				60.069
Total expenditures		4,201,880	_	141,202		5,018,745
rotar expenditures		7,201,000	-	141,202	7.	3,010,143
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		528,305	_	1,843,204	_(_	1,524,255)

(continued next page)

» <u>—</u>	Special Revenue Mental Health		Capital Projects	N	onmajor Funds	-	Total
\$	537,858	\$		\$	30,793	\$	5,732,200 549,969
	103,413    4,269 645,540	_	43,930	\$ <del></del>	503,553 165,011 61,798 18 47,612 808,785		28,463 4,416,581 172,207 365,174 79,508 363,234 11,707,336
	598,016     598,016		367,578 367,578		11,075 225,882 376,196 252,260  6,767  872,180		2,271,208 469,750 974,212 423,493 4,957,777 410,031 1,264,584 428,546 11,199,601
:=	47,524	_(_	323,648)	(	63,395)	2	507,735

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - continued

Year ended June 30, 2015

				Special I Rural		nue econdary
	3	General		Services	_	Roads
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing sources	\$	388,101 1,161,416)	\$	 1,865,369)	\$	1,794,126 4,516)
(uses)		773,315)	(	1,865,369)		1,789,610
Change in fund balances	(	245,010)	(	22,165)		265,355
Fund balances beginning of year		1,428,965		202,460		1,129,339
Fund balances end of year	\$	1,183,955	\$	180,295	\$	1,394,694

- R	Special Revenue Mental Health		Capital Projects		onmajor Funds	Total		
\$	170,665)	\$	635,810	\$	575,565 191,636)	\$(_	3,393,602 3,393,602)	
_(_	170,665)		635,810	-	383,929			
(	123,141)		312,162		320,534		507,735	
	312,623		259,053		266,512		3,598,952	
\$	189,482	\$	571,215	\$	587,046	\$	4,106,687	

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

## Year ended June 30, 2015

Change in fund balances - Total governmental funds (page 11)			\$	507,735
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets.  Capital outlay expenditures and contributed capital assets exceeded depreciation expense in the current year as follows:  Expenditures for capital assets  Capital assets contributed by the Iowa Department of Transportation  Depreciation expense	\$	971,893 512,887 1,431,342)		53,438
In the Statement of Activities, the loss on the disposition of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources.			(	113,188)
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's year end, they are not considered available revenues and are recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds, as follows:  Property tax				2,291
The current year County employer share of IPERS contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position				368,756
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds, as follows:  Compensated absences Pension expense	(	19,862) 134,835)		154,697)
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 6)			\$	664,335

## Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

## Agency Funds

June 30, 2015

## Assets

Cash and pooled investments:		
County Treasurer	\$	1,819,335
Other County Officials		44,477
Receivables:		,
Property tax:		
Delinquent		5,041
Succeeding year		15,436,000
Accounts		3,449
Special assessments		32,750
Due from other funds		60,824
Due from other governments	_	12,530
Total assets		17,414,406
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		45,108
Salaries and benefits payable		16,861
Due to other funds		27,329
Due to other governments		17,210,107
Trusts payable		9,886
Compensated absences		105,115
Total liabilities		17,414,406
Net position	\$	

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Shelby County is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The County operates under the Board of Supervisors form of government. Elections are on a partisan basis. Other elected officials operate independently with the Board of Supervisors. These officials are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Sheriff, and Attorney. The County provides numerous services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, roadway construction and maintenance, and general administrative services.

The County's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Shelby County has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. The County has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the County but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The County Board of Supervisors are members of or appoint representatives to the following boards and commissions: County Assessor's Conference Board, County Emergency Management Commission, County Joint E-911 Service Board, Harrison/Monona/Shelby County Empowerment Area and Shelby County Area Solid Waste Agency. Financial transactions of these organizations are included in the County's financial statements only to the extent of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization and, as such, are reported in Agency Funds of the County.

The County also participates in the following jointly governed organizations established pursuant to Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa: West Central Iowa Sheltered Workshop (WESCO), Southwest Iowa Planning Council (SWIPCO) and Southwest Iowa Juvenile Detention Center.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by property tax, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the County's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management, which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

#### Special Revenue:

The Rural Services Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to provide services which are primarily intended to benefit those persons residing in the county outside of incorporated city areas.

The Secondary Roads Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa, required transfers from the General and the Special Revenue, Rural Services Funds and other revenues to be used for secondary road construction and maintenance.

The Mental Health Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to be used to fund mental health, intellectual disabilities, and developmental disabilities services.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds:

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, certain jointly governed organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the County's policy is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications - committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

The County maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the County are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

# D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u>

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash and Pooled Investments</u> - The cash balances of most County funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is recorded in the General Fund, unless otherwise provided by law. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the Board of Supervisors is required to certify its budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2013 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified by the County Board of Supervisors in March, 2014.

<u>Interest and Penalty on Property Tax Receivable</u> - Interest and penalty on property tax receivable represents the amount of interest and penalty that was due and payable but has not been collected.

Due from and Due to Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2015, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, equipment and vehicles, intangibles and infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 1980 (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, and similar items which are immovable and of value only to the County), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the County as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount			
Infrastructure	\$	50,000		
Land, buildings, and improvements		25,000		
Intangibles		25,000		
Equipment and vehicles		5,000		

Capital assets of the County are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)
Buildings	40 - 50
Building improvements	20 - 50
Land improvements	10 - 50
Infrastructure	10 - 50
Intangibles	5 - 20
Equipment and vehicles	3 - 20

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

<u>Due to Other Governments</u> - Due to other governments represents taxes and other revenues collected by the County and payments for services which will be remitted to other governments.

<u>Trusts Payable</u> - Trusts payable represents amounts due to others which are held by various County officials in fiduciary capacities until the underlying legal matters are resolved.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Compensated Absences - County employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours, including employee benefits, for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for amounts paid to employees within sixty days after year end. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2015. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General, Mental Health, Secondary Roads and Conservation Funds.

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax receivables that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts which cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Supervisors through ordinance or resolution approved prior to year end. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Supervisors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Assigned - Amounts the Board of Supervisors intend to use for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2015, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the administration and roads and transportation functions and disbursements in certain departments exceeded the amounts appropriated.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND POOLED INVESTMENTS

The County's deposits in banks at June 30, 2015 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The County is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Supervisors; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Investments are stated at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - The County's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the County.

Credit Risk - The County had no investments with credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - The County places no limit on the amount which may be invested in any one issuer.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 3 - DUE FROM AND DUE TO OTHER FUNDS

The detail of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Agency: County Sheriff County Recorder	\$ 11,231 15,437 26,668
Special Revenue: Secondary Roads	General Special Revenue:	2,358
	Case Management Environmental Health Agency: Emergency Management	145 221
	Services	<u>154</u> 2,878
Special Revenue: Conservation	Agency: County Recorder	115
Agency: Recorders' Electronic	Agency:	
Transfer Fee	County Recorder	196
Agency: Emergency Management Services	General	60,628
Special Revenue:	Agency:	
County Recorder's Records Management	County Recorder	196
Total		\$ 90,681

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
General	Special Revenue: Secondary Roads Rural Services TIF	\$ 4,516 200,000 183,585 388,101
Special Revenue: Secondary Roads	General Special Revenue: Rural Services	128,757 1,665,369
Special Revenue: Case Management	Special Revenue: Mental Health	1,794,126 170,665
Special Revenue: Conservation	General	180,000
Special Revenue: TIF	General	199,900
Capital Projects	General Special Revenue:	627,759
	Environmental Health	8,051 635,810
Special Revenue: Environmental Health	General	25,000
		\$ 3,393,602

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

## NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Balance End of Year	
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not	\$ 330,775 567,936	\$ 823,791	\$ 811,147	\$ 330,775 580,580
being depreciated/ amortized	898,711	823,791	811,147	911,355
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings	4,300,324	26,400		4,326,724
Land improvements	63,667			63,667
Equipment and vehicles	8,234,661	932,849	316,951	8,850,559
Infrastructure, road network	18,154,657	512,887		18,667,544
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	30,753,309	1,472,136	316,951	31,908,494
Less accumulated depreciation/ amortization for:				
Buildings	1,984,988	110,051		2,095,039
Land improvements	12,733	3,184		15,917
Equipment and vehicles	5,312,548	663,943	203,763	5,772,728
Infrastructure, road network	3,321,965	<u>654,164</u>		3,976,129
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	10,632,234	1,431,342	203,763	11,859,813
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	20,121,075	40,794	113,188	20,048,681
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 21,019,786	\$ 864,585	\$ 924,335	\$ 20,960,036

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - continued

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:	
Public safety and legal services	\$ 89,306
Mental health	7,924
County environment and education	17,502
Roads and transportation	1,061,774
Governmental services to residents	15,004
Administrative services	239,832
Total depreciation/amortization expense -	
governmental activities	\$1,431,342

### NOTE 6 - DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The County purchases services from other governmental units and also acts as a fee and tax collection agent for various governmental units. Tax collections are remitted to those governments in the month following collection. A summary of amounts due to other governments is as follows:

Fund	Description	A	mount
General Fund Special Revenue:	Services	\$	10,385
Secondary Roads			1,374
Mental Health Conservation			16,847 327
Case Management			115
			18,663
Total for governmental fund	ds	\$	29,048
Agency:			
County Assessor	Collections	\$	680,767
Emergency Management Services			297,970
Schools			8,731,196
Community Colleges			863,366
Corporations Townships			4,404,820 369,544
Auto License and Use Tax			332,811
County Hospital			882,545
E911 Commission			245,852
All Other			401,236
Total for agency funds		\$ 1	7,210,107

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Net Pension Liability		Compensated Absences		Total	
Balance beginning of year, as restated Increases Decreases	\$	3,031,289  1,164,095	\$	589,758 44,902 	\$	3,621,047 44,902 1,164,095	
Balance end of year	\$	1,867,194	\$	634,660	\$	2,501,854	
Due within one year	\$		\$	634,660	\$	634,660	

### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN**

<u>Plan Description</u> - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the County, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the County are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at <a href="https://www.ipers.org">www.ipers.org</a>.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits - A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. (These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits.) Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier (based on years of service).
- The member's highest five-year average salary. (For members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.)

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

Sheriff and deputy and protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age which is generally at age 55. Sheriff and deputy and protection occupation members may retire anytime after reaching age 50 with 22 or more years of covered employment.

The formula used to calculate a sheriff and deputy and protection occupation members' monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for years of service greater than 22 but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25 percent for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50 percent for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and Death Benefits - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions - Effective July 1, 2012, as a result of a 2010 law change, the contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. Statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

In fiscal year 2015, pursuant to the required rate, regular members contributed 5.95% of pay and the County contributed 8.93% for a total rate of 14.88%. Sheriff and deputy members and the County both contributed 9.88% of pay for a total rate of 19.76%. Protection occupation members contributed 6.76% of pay and the County contributed 10.14% for a total rate of 16.90%.

The County's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$368,756.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2015, the County reported a liability of \$1,867,194 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the County's collective proportion was .047081%, which was a decrease of .005714% from its collective proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County recognized pension expense of \$134,835. At June 30, 2015, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Total - All Groups					
	Deferred			Deferred		
	Oı	utflows	Inflows			
	of Resources		of R	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$(	2,125)	\$	au au		
Changes of assumptions	`	64,160				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		, , , , ,		050 611		
plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate				958,644		
share of contributions	(	44,230)				
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	368,756				
	\$	386,561	\$	958,644		

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

The \$368,756, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		Total		
2016	\$(	235,501)		
2017	(	235,501)		
2018	(	235,501)		
2019	ì	235,501)		
2020	-	1,165		
	\$(	940,839)		

There were no non-employer contributing entities at IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2014)	3.00%
Salary increases (effective June 30, 2014)	4.00% to 17.00%, average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return (effective June 30, 1996)	7.50%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	23%	6.31
Non US Equity	15	6.76
Private Equity	13	11.34
Real Estate	8	3.52
Core Plus Fixed Income	28	2.06
Credit Opportunities	5	3.67
TIPS	5	1.92
Other Real Assets	2	6.27
Cash	-1	(0.69)
Total	100%	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the County will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate.

	_	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Discount Rate (7.5%)	 1% Increase (8.5%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,062,529	\$ 1,867,194	\$ 15,740

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN - Continued

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <a href="https://www.ipers.org">www.ipers.org</a>.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At June 30, 2015, the County reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$8,486 for legally required employer contributions and \$ - 0 - for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to IPERS.

### NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Shelby County is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 331.301 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 727 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August, 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of basis rate.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The County's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The County's contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2015 were approximately \$86,300.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the County's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$250,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the County's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss, or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the County's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or the loss was incurred.

The County does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable that such losses have occurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2015, no liability has been recorded in the County's financial statements. As of June 30, 2015, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The County also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with the Shelby County Care Facility and for employee blanket bond, and participates in the Iowa Municipalities Workers' Compensation Association (IMWCA) for Workman's Compensation insurance. The County assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description: The County operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision benefits for employees, retirees, and their spouses. There are 71 active and 5 retired members in the plan. Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision benefits are provided through a fully-insured plan with Wellmark. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees.

Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the County. The County currently finances the benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The most recent active member monthly premiums for the County and plan members are \$625 for single coverage and \$1,404 for family coverage. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County contributed \$1,010,072 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$65,295 to the plan.

Net OPEB Obligation: Management of the County considers any OPEB obligation, which may exist, to be immaterial. Therefore the County has elected to not obtain an actuarial evaluation of the OPEB liability.

Generally accepted accounting principles, established under GASB Statement No. 45, require that an actuarial or alternative computation of a liability be completed. The independent auditor's report regarding the financial statements has been qualified as a result of not obtaining the required evaluation and not recording any potential material OPEB liability.

### NOTE 11 - COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCY

### Construction

The County has entered into contracts totaling approximately \$1,976,000, primarily for bridge replacement and building repairs to be completed during fiscal year 2016. As of June 30, 2015, the County has incurred \$580,580 on these projects. The projects will be financed with existing funds.

### Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated all subsequent events through December 29, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 12 - EARLY CHILDHOOD IOWA AREA BOARD

Shelby County is the fiscal agent for the Early Childhood Iowa Area Board, an organization formed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 256I of the Code of Iowa. The Area Board receives state grants to administer early childhood and school ready programs. Financial transactions of the Area Board are included in the County's financial statements as part of the M/H/S Empowerment Agency Fund because of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization. The Area Board's financial data for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Early ildhood		School Ready	_	Total
Revenues:						
State grants:						
Early Childhood	\$	33,907	\$		\$	33,907
Family support and parent education				169,072		169,072
Preschool support for low-income						
families				74,235		74,235
Quality improvement				54,220		54,220
Allocation for administration		1,785		9,737		11,522
Other grant programs				17,640		17,640
Total state grants		35,692		324,904		360,596
Interest on investments		20		184		204
Total revenues	-	35,712		325,088		360,800
Expenditures:						
Program services:						
Early Childhood		24.020				24.020
		34,938		170 701		34,938
Family support and parent education				172,781		172,781
Preschool support for low-				54.465		51.165
income families				74,465		74,465
Quality improvement				56,136		56,136
Other program services	-		_	17,811		17,811
Total program services		34,938		321,193		356,131
Administration	-	2,211	_	9,326	_	11,537
Total expenditures		37,149		330,519		267 669
Total experiences	-	37,149	-	330,319	_	367,668
Change in fund balance	(	1,437)	(	5,431)	(	6,868)
Fund balance beginning of year	-	4,807	_	48,508	_	53,315
Fund balance end of year	\$	3,370	\$	43,077	\$	46,447

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

## NOTE 13 - COUNTY FINANCIAL INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE SOUTHWEST IOWA MENTAL HEALTH AND DISABILITY SERVICES REGION

Southwest Iowa Mental Health and Disability Services Region, a jointly governed organization formed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa which became effective July 10, 2014, includes the following member counties: Cass, Fremont, Harrison, Mills, Monona, Montgomery, Page, Pottawattamie, and Shelby. The financial activity of Shelby County's Special Revenue, Mental Health Fund is included in the Southwest Iowa Mental Health and Disability Services Region.

Revenues: Property and other county tax			\$	537,858
Intergovernmental revenues: State tax credits	\$	32,756		,
Social services block grant	Ψ	16,847		
State program payment Miscellaneous		53,810		103,413 4,269
Total revenues				645,540
Expenditures:				
Services to persons with:  Mental illness General administration:				1,047
Direct administration		189,304		
Distribution to regional fiscal agent	<del>}.</del>	407,665	-	596,969
Total expenditures				598,016
Excess of revenues over expenditures				47,524
Other financing uses:				
Operating transfers out			_(	170,665)
Change in fund balance			(	123,141)
Fund balance beginning of the year				312,623
Fund balance end of the year			\$	189,482

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

### NOTE 14 - ACCOUNTING CHANGE/RESTATEMENT

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB No. 27 was implemented during fiscal year 2015. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. In addition, GASB No. 68 requires a state or local government employer to recognize a net pension liability and changes in the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources which arise from other types of events related to pensions. During the transition year, as permitted, beginning balances for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will not be reported, except for deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability which is required to be reported by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Beginning net position for governmental activities was restated to retroactively report the beginning net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the measurement date, as follows:

	Net Position
Net position June 30, 2014, as previously reported	\$ 24,315,906
Net pension liability at June 30, 2014	( 3,031,289)
Deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the June 30, 2013 measurement date	358,091
Net position July 1, 2014, as restated	\$ 21,642,708

\* \* \*



## Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) All Governmental Funds Required Supplementary Information

## Year ended June 30, 2015

	Actual	Less Funds not Required to be Budgeted	Net
Receipts:  Property and other County tax Interest and penalty on property tax Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for service Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total receipts	\$ 6,316,816 28,467 4,400,724 175,784 361,558 76,894 381,355 11,741,598	\$     	\$ 6,316,816 28,467 4,400,724 175,784 361,558 76,894 381,355 11,741,598
Disbursements: Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services Mental health County environment and education Roads and transportation Governmental services to residents Administration Nonprogram Debt service Capital projects Total disbursements	2,584,065 490,863 1,012,608 412,070 4,849,950 411,494 1,223,597  552,805 11,537,452	      	2,584,065 490,863 1,012,608 412,070 4,849,950 411,494 1,223,597  552,805 11,537,452
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	204,146		204,146
Balance beginning of year	3,821,680		3,821,680
Balance end of year	\$ 4,025,826	\$	\$ 4,025,826

	Budgeted	Final to Net						
Original			Final	Variance				
-	Original		1 IIIGI	-	dianec			
\$	6,309,395	\$	6,309,395	\$	7,421			
	30,000		30,000	(	1,533)			
	3,946,481		3,946,481		454,243			
	259,300		259,300	(	83,516)			
	302,070		302,070		59,488			
	87,205		87,205	(	10,311)			
,	159,050		159,050		222,305			
	11,093,501		11,093,501		648,097			
	2,213,203		2,701,203		117,138			
	664,982		664,982		174,119			
	1,103,376		1,503,376		490,768			
	404,065		437,065		24,995			
	4,685,300		4,835,300	1	14,650)			
	446,894		429,194	(	17,700			
	1,198,963		1,223,163	(	434)			
	30,000			(				
	34,000		34,000		34,000			
	681,551		804,762	5	251,957			
	11,462,334		12,633,045		1,095,593			
(	368,833)	(	1,539,544)		1,743,690			
	2,688,027		2,688,027		1,133,653			
-	2,000,027	-	2,000,027		1,120,000			
\$	2,319,194	\$	1,148,483	\$	2,877,343			

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

## Required Supplementary Information

## Year ended June 30, 2015

	Governmental Fund Types								
	Cash Basis	Accrual Adjustments	Modified Accrual Basis						
Revenues	\$ 11,741,598	\$( 34,262)	\$ 11,707,336						
Expenditures	11,537,452	( 337,851)	11,199,601						
Net	204,146	303,589	507,735						
Beginning fund balances	3,821,680	( 222,728)	3,598,952						
Ending fund balances	\$ 4,025,826	\$ 80,861	\$ 4,106,687						

### Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2015

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except blended component units and Agency Funds, and appropriates the amount deemed necessary for each of the different County offices and departments. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These ten functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, non-program, debt service and capital projects. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. Legal budgetary control is also based upon the appropriation to each office or department. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$1,170,711. The budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

In addition, annual budgets are similarly adopted in accordance with the Code of Iowa by the appropriate governing body as indicated: for the County Extension Office by the County Agricultural Extension Council, for the County Assessor by the County Conference Board, for the E911 System by the Joint E911 Service Board and for Emergency Management Services by the County Emergency Management Commission.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the administration and roads and transportation functions and disbursements in certain departments exceeded the amounts appropriated.

### Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

## Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last Fiscal Year\*

County's collective proportion of the net pension liability	(	0.047081%
County's collective proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,867,000
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,926,000
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		47.55%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.61%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available. Amounts reported are rounded.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30,

## Schedule of County Contributions

### Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System Last 6 Fiscal Years

## Required Supplementary Information

	-	2015	-	2014	_	2013	 2012
Statutorily required contribution	\$	369,000	\$	358,000	\$	345,000	\$ 313,000
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		369,000)	_(_	358,000)	_(_	345,000)	 313,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$ 
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,040,000	\$	3,926,000	\$	3,872,000	\$ 3,732,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.13%		9.12%		8.91%	8.39%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available. Amounts reported are rounded.

	2011		2010
\$	277,000	\$	250,000
_(_	277,000)	_(_	250,000)
<u>\$</u>	<del></del>	<u>\$</u>	
\$	3,759,000	\$	3,624,000
	7.37%		6.90%

### Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Liability

### Year Ended June 30, 2015

### Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation passed in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

In 2008, legislative action transferred four groups - emergency medical service providers, county jailers, county attorney investigators, and National Guard installation security officers - from Regular membership to the protection occupation group for future service only.

Benefit provisions for sheriffs and deputies were changed in the 2004 legislative session. The eligibility for unreduced retirement benefits was lowered from age 55 by one year each July 1 (beginning in 2004) until it reached age 50 on July 1, 2008. The years of service requirement remained at 22 or more. Their contribution rates were also changed to be shared 50-50 by the employee and employer, instead of the previous 40-60 split.

### Changes of assumptions:

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30 year amortization period to a closed 30 year amortization period for the UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20 year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

(continued next page)

### Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Liability - Continued

Year Ended June 30, 2015

The 2007 valuation adjusted the application of the entry age normal cost method to better match projected contributions to the projected salary stream in the future years. It also included in the calculation of the UAL amortization payments the one-year lag between the valuation date and the effective date of the annual actuarial contribution rate.

The 2006 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted salary increase assumptions to service based assumptions.
- Decreased the assumed interest rate credited on employee contributions from 4.25% to 4.00%.
- Lowered the inflation assumption from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Lowered disability rates for sheriffs and deputies and protection occupation members.

\* \* \*

See accompanying independent auditor's report.



## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2015

	County Recorder's Records Transaction  Management Fee		Recorder's Electronic Records Transaction					Resource Enhancement and Protection	
Assets									
Cash and pooled investments Receivables: Accounts receivable Property Tax:	\$	3,822	\$	826	\$	22,418	\$	21,872	
Delinquent Succeeding year Due from other funds Due from other governments		 196 		  	_	115 15,769			
Total assets	\$	4,018	\$	826	\$	38,302	\$	21,872	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances									
Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Compensated absences Total liabilities	\$	    	\$	   	\$	14,905 1,151  327 15,306 31,689	\$	   	
Deferred inflows of resources:  Unavailable revenues:  Succeeding year property tax Other  Total deferred inflows of resources		 		  	_	 	_	 	
Fund balances: Restricted for: Other purposes Total fund balances	i=	4,018 4,018		826 826	_	6,613 6,613	·	21,872 21,872	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,018	\$	826	\$	38,302	\$	21,872	

(continued next page)

					Special Re	eve	nue				
Fo	Drug orfeiture	_Com	nmissary	: <del></del>	Flood and Erosion		Tax ncrement inancing	_ M	Case anagement		ironmental <u>Health</u>
\$	10,319	\$	3,705	\$	28,649	\$	193,785	\$	254,499	\$	56,404
			935								
	 				  		990 138,000 				  
-			825	-		-			18,092		
\$	10,319	\$	5,465	\$	28,649	<u>2</u>	332,775	\$	272,591	\$	56,404
\$	    	\$	196     196	\$	    	\$	    	\$	2,481 8,045 145 115  10,786	\$	896 1,397 221  2,514
_				: <del></del>		_	138,000 990				
				-		_	138,990			_	
	10,319 10,319		5,269 5,269	; <del></del>	28,649 28,649	)— );—	193,785 193,785	_	261,805 261,805	_	53,890 53,890
\$	10,319	\$	5,465	\$	28,649	\$	332,775	\$	272,591	\$	56,404

## Combining Balance Sheet - Continued Nonmajor Governmental Funds

## June 30, 2015

	v	Total
Assets		
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:     Accounts receivable     Property tax:     Delinquent     Succeeding year Due from other funds	\$	596,299 935 990 138,000
Due from other governments		311 34,686
Total assets	\$	771,221
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Compensated absences Total liabilities	\$	18,478 10,593 366 442 15,306 45,185
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues: Succeeding year property tax Other Total deferred inflows of resources		138,000 990 138,990
Fund balances: Restricted for: Other purposes Total fund balances	_	587,046 587,046
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	771,221

## Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2015

	Cou Recor Reco Manag	rder's	Special R Record Electr Transa Fe	der's onic ction	Conservation		
Revenues: Property and other County tax Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for service Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	2,256 2 2,258	\$	3  3	\$	30,835  38,078  2,562 71,475	
Expenditures: Operating: Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services Mental health County environment and education Administration Total expenditures	=======================================	   		  	·	231,115  231,115	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,258		3	(	159,640)	
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	2 <u></u>				\	180,000	
Change in fund balances		2,258		3		20,360	
Fund balances beginning of year	ş	1,760		823		13,747)	
Fund balances end of year	\$	4,018	\$	826	\$	6,613	

(continued next page)

			Special R	even	ue			
Resource Enhancement and Protection		Drug Forfeiture	Commissary	Flood and Erosion		Tax Increment Financing	Case Management	
\$	17,552   5  17,557	\$   8 1,391 1,399	\$   13,232 13,232	\$	     	\$ 30,793     30,793	\$ 436,118    7,630 443,748	
	 	1,069	10,006					
	10.200						376,196	
	19,388	1.060	10.006		1,757	6,767		
:a	19,388	1,069	10,006		1,757	6,767	376,196	
(	1,831)	330	3,226	(	1,757)	24,026	67,552	
				_	 :	199,900 _(183,585]	170,665	
						16,315	170,665	
(	1,831)	330	3,226	(	1,757)	40,341	238,217	
	23,703	9,989	2,043	_	30,406	153,444	23,588	
\$	21,872	\$ 10,319	\$ 5,269	\$	28,649	\$ 193,785	\$ 261,805	

## Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Continued Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2015

	Environmental <u>Health</u>	Total
Revenues:  Property and other County tax Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for service Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 19,048 165,011 21,464  22,797 228,320	\$ 30,793 503,553 165,011 61,798 18 47,612 808,785
Expenditures: Operating: Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services Mental health County environment and education Administration Total expenditures	225,882   225,882	11,075 225,882 376,196 252,260 6,767 872,180
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,438	( 63,395)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	25,000 ( 8,051) 16,949	575,565 ( 191,636) 383,929
Change in fund balances	19,387	320,534
Fund balances beginning of year	34,503	266,512
Fund balances end of year	\$ 53,890	\$ 587,046

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

# Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

June 30, 2015

	-	County	A oui oultural				
		County Recorder		County Sheriff		Agricultural Extension Education	
Assets							
Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables: Property tax:	\$	22,836	\$	 21,641	\$	1,814	
Delinquent Succeeding year Accounts Special assessments		1,034 		  		43 142,000  	
Due from other funds Due from other governments			S=				
Total assets	\$	23,870	\$	21,641	\$	143,857	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Trusts payable Compensated absences	\$	 15,944 7,926 	\$	11,231 524 9,886	\$	143,857	
Total liabilities	\$	23,870	\$	21,641	\$	143,857	

(continued next page)

County Assessor	Emergency Management Services		D	Sanitary Disposal District		Schools		mmunity Colleges	Corporations		
\$ 448,684 	\$	357,040	\$	17,299 	\$ 1	11,866	\$	11,108	\$	50,820	
\$ 683,735	\$	60,628	\$	12,530 29,829		2,330 17,000    31,196	\$	258 852,000     863,366	\$	4,354,000     4,404,820	
\$ 2,028  680,767  940 \$ 683,735	\$ 	5,421 12,576 154 297,970  101,547 417,668	\$	22,916 4,285   2,628 29,829		31,196	\$	863,366  863,366	\$	4,404,820  4,404,820	

# Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Continued Agency Funds

June 30, 2015

	To	wnships	Auto cense and Jse Tax	Brucellosis and Tuberculosis Eradication		
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables: Property tax:	\$	4,450 	\$ 332,811	\$	32	
Delinquent Succeeding year		2,094 363,000			2,000	
Accounts						
Special assessments						
Due from other funds Due from other governments						
Due from other governments	-					
Total assets	\$	369,544	\$ 332,811	\$	2,032	
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds	\$		\$  	\$		
Due to other governments		369,544	332,811		2,032	
Trusts payable Compensated absences	-	 	 	-		
Total liabilities	\$	369,544	\$ 332,811	\$	2,032	

(continued next page)

Monies and Credits		City Special Assessments		County Hospital		<u>En</u>	M/H/S mpowerment		E911	Advance Tax	
\$	 	\$	2,225	\$	11,280	\$	90,927	\$	249,405	\$	60,560 
	  		 		265 871,000		  		  		  
	 		32,750	_	  	9	  	-	  s	-	
\$		\$	34,975	\$	882,545	\$	90,927	\$	249,405	\$	60,560
\$	 	\$	<del></del>	\$		\$	11,190	\$	3,553	\$	
	  		34,975 		882,545  		79,737		245,852		60,560
\$		\$	34,975	\$	882,545	\$	90,927	\$	249,405	\$	60,560

# Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Continued Agency Funds

## June 30, 2015

	Ta	x Sale_	Recorder's Electronic Transfer Fee		
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables: Property tax:	\$		\$	772 	
Delinquent					
Succeeding year Accounts					
Special assessments					
Due from other funds				196	
Due from other governments					
Total assets	\$		\$	968	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable	\$		\$		
Due to other funds Due to other governments				 968	
Trusts payable				908 	
Compensated absences					
Total liabilities	\$		\$	968	

Но	tel/Motel Tax	_	Total
\$	68,242 	\$	1,819,335 44,477
) <u>-</u>	2,415	-	5,041 15,436,000 3,449 32,750 60,824 12,530
\$	70,657	\$	17,414,406
\$	70,657	\$	45,108 16,861 27,329 17,210,107 9,886 105,115
\$	70,657	\$_	17,414,406

# Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

## Year ended June 30, 2015

	County	Offices	Agricultural		
	County Recorder				
Assets and Liabilities					
Balances beginning of year	\$ 31,396	\$ 19,120	\$ 144,218		
Additions: Property and other County tax E911 surcharge State tax credits Office fees and collections Auto licenses, use tax and postage Assessments Trusts Miscellaneous Total additions	209,746     209,746	198,208  243,042	136,700  9,248     145,948		
Deductions:    Agency Remittances:     To other funds     To other governments     Trusts paid out     Total deductions	80,202 137,070 ——————————————————————————————————	11,976 228,545 240,521	146,309 ————————————————————————————————————		
Balances end of year	\$ 23,870	\$ 21,641	\$ 143,857		

(continued next page)

County Assessor			Schools	Community Colleges	Corporations	
\$ 562,027	\$ 400,852	\$ 89,097	\$ 8,749,572	\$ 864,597	\$ 4,340,586	
227,983  11,160     3,065 242,208	868,345 868,345	743,142 743,142	8,334,003 	833,534 	3,878,409 364,238    4,242,647	
120,500  120,500 \$ 683,735	851,529  851,529 \$ 417,668	802,410  802,410 \$ 29,829	8,919,121  8,919,121 \$ 8,731,196	891,410  891,410 \$ 863,366	4,178,413 	

## Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Continued Agency Funds

## Year ended June 30, 2015

	Townships	Auto License and Use Tax	Brucellosis and Tuberculosis Eradication
Assets and Liabilities			
Balances beginning of year	\$ 351,361	\$ 344,159	\$ 2,032
Additions: Property and other County tax E911 surcharge State tax credits Office fees and collections Auto licenses, use tax and postage Assessments Trusts Miscellaneous Total additions	355,006 17,837     372,843	4,373,109	2,378
Deductions:     Agency Remittances:     To other funds     To other governments     Trusts paid out     Total deductions  Balances end of year	354,660 354,660 \$ 369,544	153,865 4,230,592 4,384,457 \$ 332,811	2,539 

(continued next page)

	Monies and Credits	City Special Assessments	County Hospital	M/H/S Empowerment	E911	Advance Tax
\$		\$ 7,866	\$ 895,608	\$ 128,160	\$ 305,909	\$ 79,395
			837,294		 178,914	46,874
			57,521			
		46.210				
		46,219			** **	
	893			361,500		
	893	46,219	894,815	361,500	178,914	46,874
	893	19,110	907,878	398,733	235,418	65,709
		·			233,110	
-	893	19,110	907,878	398,733	235,418	65,709
\$		\$ 34,975	\$ 882,545	\$ 90,927	\$ 249,405	\$ 60.560

## Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Continued Agency Funds

## Year ended June 30, 2015

	Tax Sale_	Recorder's Electronic Transfer Fee		
Assets and Liabilities				
Balances beginning of year	\$	\$ 964		
Additions: Property and other County tax E911 surcharge State tax credits Office fees and collections Auto licenses, use tax and postage Assessments Trusts Miscellaneous Total additions	120,688     120,688	7,628     7,628		
Deductions:    Agency Remittances:     To other funds     To other governments     Trusts paid out     Total deductions	120,688 ———————————————————————————————————	7,624  7,624		
Balances end of year	\$	\$ 968		

Но	tel/Motel Tax	Total
\$	83,092	\$ 17,400,011
	53,351 	14,826,220 178,914 1,083,552 262,208 4,373,109 46,219 198,208 1,976,961 22,945,391
\$	12,411 53,391  65,802 70,657	246,478 22,455,973 228,545 22,930,996 \$ 17,414,406

## Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function - All Governmental Fund Types

#### For the Last Ten Years

	Modified Accrual Basis							
		2015		2014		2013		2012
Revenues: Property and other								
County tax Tax increment financing Interest and penalty on	\$	6,251,376 30,793	\$	6,226,025 153,444	\$	6,018,898 163,392	\$	5,497,892 170,546
property tax Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for service		28,463 4,416,581 172,207 365,174		33,500 4,364,656 239,354 358,102		32,714 4,252,778 242,254 342,226		33,573 5,254,445 242,540 380,921
Use of money and property Miscellaneous	_	79,508 363,234	_	90,264 285,037	_	101,166 270,345	_	99,918 263,017
Total	\$	11,707,336	\$	11,750,382	\$	11,423,773	\$	11,942,852
Expenditures: Operating: Public safety and								
legal services Physical health and	\$	2,271,208	\$	2,149,071	\$	1,741,777	\$	1,907,682
social services Mental health County environment		469,750 974,212		635,697 1,467,374		549,195 1,413,578		620,882 2,669,056
and education Roads and transportation Governmental services		423,493 4,957,777		414,598 4,835,398		446,524 4,530,985		547,057 4,593,683
to residents Administration Non-program		410,031 1,264,584		435,007 1,068,644		387,162 1,136,782		424,453 1,048,413
Debt service Capital projects	:==	428,546		692,430	_	735,750 644,998		130,989 854,740
Total	\$	11,199,601	\$	11,698,219	\$	11,586,751	\$	12,796,955

_	Modified Accrual Basis										
_	2011	_	2010	_	2009		2008		2007	_	2006
\$	5,215,187 207,367	\$	5,191,493 399,815	\$	5,297,292 335,158	\$	4,737,413 183,245	\$	4,766,609 183,245	\$	4,818,830 104,412
	36,535 5,706,279 228,293 369,928		33,851 5,551,934 234,838 381,407		33,076 5,184,318 233,589 340,943		28,403 5,225,590 214,120 313,916		28,459 4,410,119 177,386 337,799		27,516 4,295,795 175,258 451,336
	126,998 258,350	_	133,249 184,560	_	186,901 196,293		328,668 287,209	ē—	273,406 275,494	_	263,287 278,586
\$	12,148,937	\$	12,111,147	\$	11,807,570	\$	11,318,564	\$	10,452,517	\$	10,415,020
\$	1,803,117	\$	1,791,313	\$	1,717,065	\$	1,704,440	\$	1,630,894	\$	1,524,392
	525,054 2,581,235		461,919 2,104,122		639,560 2,236,326		368,441 2,446,599		357,941 2,160,238		355,800 2,078,486
	449,106 4,368,341		430,653 4,651,541		426,924 3,895,860		444,997 4,679,611		357,578 4,355,212		316,362 4,079,612
	393,236 1,039,502		404,185 1,010,335		399,957 1,012,706		398,242 1,004,741 21,259		350,805 919,344 27,667		362,108 1,010,105 126,899
_	132,059 1,240,684	_	391,875 1,376,142	_	326,818 1,266,974		228,445 368,616	_	221,123 343,285	_	59,481 892,627
\$	12,532,334	\$	12,622,085	\$	11,922,190	\$	11,665,391	\$	10,724,087	\$	10,805,872



## Gronewold, Bell, Kyhnn & Co. P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS \* BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

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MARK D. KYHNN DAVID L. HANNASCH KENNETH P. TEGELS CHRISTOPHER J. NELSON DAVID A. GINTHER

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Officials of Shelby County

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Governmental Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2015.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Shelby County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Shelby County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Shelby County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Shelby County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County's operations for the year ended June 30, 2015 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

#### Responses to Findings

Shelby County's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. Shelby County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Atlantic, Iowa December 29, 2015

## Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year ended June 30, 2015

## Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

**INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:** 

No matters were reported.

## INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were reported.

#### Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued

#### Year ended June 30, 2015

#### Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

15-II-A <u>Certified Budget</u>: Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2015 exceeded the amounts budgeted in the administration and roads and transportation functions. Disbursements in certain departments exceeded the amounts appropriated.

Recommendation: The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 331.435 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response: We will amend the budget when required in the future.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

- 15-II-B <u>Questionable Expenditures</u>: No expenditures were noted that meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- 15-II-C <u>Travel Expense</u>: No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.
- 15-II-D <u>Business Transactions</u>: No business transactions between the County and County officials were noted.
- 15-II-E Bond Coverage: Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 15-II-F <u>Board Minutes</u>: No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
- 15-II-G <u>Deposits and Investments</u>: No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the County's investment policy were noted.
- Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification: The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of Iowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).
- 15-II-I <u>County Extension Office</u>: The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an extension council separate and distinct from County operations and, consequently, is not included in Exhibits A or B.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2015 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.

#### Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued

Year ended June 30, 2015

#### Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - Continued

- 15-II-J <u>Urban Renewal Annual Report</u>: The urban renewal annual report was properly approved and certified to the Iowa Department of Management on or before December 1 and no exceptions were noted.
- 15-II-K <u>Financial Condition</u>: The County has a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$1,374,198 at June 30, 2015 as a result of recording its share of the IPERS net unfunded pension liability.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The County management should remain aware of this deficit, and its cause, and comply with IPERS plan to reduce the deficit over a period of years.

<u>Response</u>: The deficit was the result of recognizing the County's proportionate share of IPERS net pension liability. The County realizes this liability is not due and payable immediately. Rather the pension liability will be paid down over a period of time with the County's future employer share of IPERS contributions.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

15-II-L Early Childhood Iowa Area Board: Shelby County is the fiscal agent for the Early Childhood Iowa Area Board, an organization formed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 256I of the Code of Iowa. Financial transactions of the Area Board are included in the County's financial statements as part of the M/H/S Empowerment Agency Fund because of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization.

No instances of non-compliance were noted as a result of the audit procedures performed.

\* \* \*